

Signature of Invigilator

Booklet Serial No.,

MAULANA AZAD NATIONAL URDU UNIVERSITY

MPhil/PhD (English) Entrance Test - 2017

QUESTION PAPER BOOKLET

Time: 2 hours

Max. Marks: 100

Hall Ticket No.

OMR Serial No.

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATES

1. Candidate should write their Hall Ticket number and OMR number on the space provided above. Candidate should not write their Hall Ticket number and OMR at any other place.
2. This booklet contains 16 pages. The last 2 page(s) is for Rough Work. Candidate should check the booklet before taking the test. In case of misprint or irregularity in question numbers / pages, etc., should report to the Invigilator immediately.
3. There are 100 Multiple Choice Questions in the booklet. For each question there are four options. The candidate is required to choose the correct answer and darken the circle with **blue / black ballpoint pen** in the OMR sheet against the corresponding answer number.
4. Candidate will get one mark each for each correct reply in the OMR sheet. If the candidate does not bubble the correct answer against the corresponding question number in the OMR sheet, he will not get marks.
5. If the candidate bubbles more than one circle in OMR Sheet for any question, marks shall not be awarded for the question.
6. There are no Negative marks.
7. At the end of Entrance Test, candidates are allowed to take their question booklet.

* * *

Part - A

- 1) A research proposal generally addresses
 - a) research questions, research problems, previous research in the area, benefit to the university/society/nation, and the cost and time of research
 - b) requirements of the researcher, aims of the researcher and the benefits of the researcher
 - c) the cost and time of research and the explanation of research results
 - d) the research areas

- 2) What is hypothesis?
 - a) An educated prediction or explanation of a phenomenon based on limited evidence and is used as starting point for further research.
 - b) The state of progression of investigation.
 - c) An untestable prediction.
 - d) An immeasurable theory.

- 3) What is a thesis statement?
 - a) A single sentence that formulates both the topic and the point of view.
 - b) The finished product of research.
 - c) A statement about important aspects of writing.
 - d) A statement about causes and effects.

- 4) What is an abstract?
 - a) A brief summary of a research thesis which communicates research focus, research method, research result and research recommendation.
 - b) An in-depth analysis of a particular subject which presents research method, research methodology, findings, and a lengthy conclusion.
 - c) A detailed report of research.
 - d) A comprehensive analysis of research.

- 5) The feasibility of a research study depends upon
 - a) the scope of answerability of the research question and whether the data can be obtained or not to answer the research question
 - b) theories
 - c) results
 - d) research proposal

- 6) Informed consent in research refers to
 - a) a process of granting consent to carry out research in any discipline
 - b) a process for getting permission before conducting research from a subject who is fully informed and who understands the consequences of research
 - c) the agreement of an organization
 - d) the acceptance of research

- 7) What is data?
- a) The pattern of investigation.
 - b) Factual information.
 - c) The dependent variable.
 - d) Hypothesis.
- 8) What is quantitative data?
- a) The information that can't be measured.
 - b) The information which can be measured and written down with numbers.
 - c) A statement about immeasurable phenomenon.
 - d) A continuous data.
- 9) What is qualitative data?
- a) The quantification of the problem by way of generating numerical data.
 - b) Data that approximates and characterizes but does not measure the attribute, characteristics or properties of a thing or phenomenon.
 - c) The data that defines but does not describe.
 - d) Any information which is numerical in nature.
- 10) Primary source is
- a) an interpretation based on original source
 - b) an artifact, a document, a diary, a manuscript, an autobiography, a recording or any original source of information
 - c) an analysis based on original source
 - d) a source based on conjecture
- 11) Secondary source is
- a) a manuscript
 - b) the first hand data
 - c) a document or recording which discusses information originally presented elsewhere
 - d) an original document
- 12) What is a case study?
- a) A teaching approach that uses decision-forcing cases to put students in the role of people who were faced with difficult decisions at some point in the past.
 - b) Case method.
 - c) A report in research about an individual, organization, or situation which has been studied.
 - d) An illustration of pre-existing theory.
- 13) Research design is
- a) quantitative method
 - b) an exhaustive account of all methodologies
 - c) a framework devised to find answers to research questions
 - d) a limited source of knowledge

- 14) What is generalization?
- General policies.
 - Theorization of knowledge.
 - An act of reasoning that involves drawing broad inferences from particular observations.
 - An act of specialization in any given field.
- 15) What is action research?
- Critical pedagogy.
 - Organization development.
 - The research which is initiated to solve problems or the process of progressive problem solving.
 - The process of planning and measuring results.
- 16) Normative research method is
- another name for experimental method
 - a method that helps in addressing the issues of plagiarism
 - a method that helps in designing research proposals
 - a method which produces designs or standards or tools for improving the object of study
- 17) What does scientific method mean?
- An investigation of principles.
 - A method which is dependent on the opinions of authorities.
 - A method of inquiry which cannot be verified.
 - A method of inquiry based on empirical or measurable evidence which is subject to specific principles of reasoning.
- 18) Plagiarism refers to
- the appropriation and acknowledgment of other's ideas and works
 - the maligning of somebody's ideas
 - the academic honesty
 - the appropriation of another's ideas or work or expressions and presentation of them as one's own without acknowledgement
- 19) 'An understanding of ethnographic research methods may be required in order to appraise, analyze and to produce ...'
- | | |
|-------------------|-----------------------|
| a) rhetoric | b) Elizabethan poetry |
| c) literary terms | d) travel writing |
- 20) In Second Language Learning 'interaction based research' refers to
- learners' ability to read and write fluently
 - processing of research
 - classification of teaching methods
 - learners' conversational interactions with others and the gathering of data from such interactions

- 21) What is metadata?
 a) A data that provides information about other data.
 b) A data that hides information about other data.
 c) A method of collection of data.
 d) Survey.
- 22) What is independent variable?
 a) A variable on which the researcher has control over, or which can be manipulated.
 b) The result or outcome of a research.
 c) A dependent variable.
 d) A confounding variable.
- 23) A pilot study is
 a) a small-scale trial of the proposed procedures, materials, and methods
 b) a study of research methods and techniques
 c) an analysis of variables
 d) a means to assess sources
- 24) Content Analysis is
 a) a research technique employed to make replicable and valid inferences by interpreting and coding textual material
 b) a research technique through which oral communication can be systematically evaluated
 c) a research technique of qualitative analysis
 d) a technique of collecting quantitative data
- 25) Who are the authors of *Dissertation and Thesis: From Start to Finish*?
 a) J D Cone and S L Foster
 b) D. Harper and Dewey John
 c) E Amy and P Dunleavy
 d) R Burns and D Bunton
- 26) Identify the work that belongs to Susan M Gass and Alison Mackey.
 a) *Business Research Method*
 b) *Stimulated Recall Methodology in Second Language Research*
 c) *Methodology of Educational Research*
 d) Qualitative Inquiry
- 27) Who are the authors of *Second Language Research Methodology and Design*?
 a) N. Green and G Griffin
 b) Alison Mackey and Susan M Gass
 c) C. Hart and A H Huf
 d) C Hart and N Green
- 28) Who is the editor of *Research Methods for English Studies*?
 a) R Geen
 b) G Griffin
 c) J Gibaldi
 d) C. Hart

- 29) Who is credited with introducing the term epistemology?
 a) Peter Noah
 b) James Frederick Ferrier
 c) Immanuel Kant
 d) Robert Nozick
- 30) The concepts are
 a) guesswork
 b) ideas expressed in terms of symbols or words
 c) necessary implications
 d) cultured insinuations
- 31) What are the two main sets of rights that a copyright confers?
 a) Derogatory and plagiaristic.
 b) Academic and administrative.
 c) Economic and moral.
 d) Literary and dramatic.
- 32) Replication in research refers to
 a) repetition of sources
 b) duplication
 c)) repeating the same method or theory in different contexts to ascertain the reliability and validity of the results in order to determine generalizability
 d) specialization
- 33) DOI is
 a) Data Object Identification
 b) Data of Identification
 c) Digital Object Identifier
 d) Dramas of India
- 34) What is a style guide?
 a) Magazines.
 b) Periodicals.
 c) A set of standards for the writing of documents for general or specific publication.
 d) A set of documents written for public speakers.
- 35) What is the full form of MHRA?
 a) Ministry of Human Resource Association.
 b) Modern Humanities Research Academy.
 c) Modern Humanities Research Association
 d) Ministry of Human Resource Analysis.
- 36) *Modern Language Review* is the flagship journal of
 a) Oxford
 b) APA
 c) MLA
 d) MHRA
- 37) Who is the publisher of *The Annual Bibliography of English Language & Literature*?
 a) Oxford University Press
 b) MLA
 c) APA
 d) MHRA

- 38) What is the rule for leaving margins in a research paper according to MLA?
- There is no rule for leaving margins.
 - One and a half inch at the top, bottom and on both sides of the text.
 - Half inch at the top and bottom, and one inch on both sides of the text.
 - One inch at the top and bottom, and on both sides of the text.
- 39) What does MLA recommend for text formatting?
- Typeface - Ariel, size -11 points; justification of the text at the right margin, and double spacing.
 - Typeface- Arial, size -12 points; no justification of the text at the right margin, and single spacing.
 - Typeface- Times New Roman, size -12 points; justification of the text at the right margin, and single spacing.
 - Typeface - Times New Roman, size -12 points; no justification of the text at the right margin, and double spacing.
- 40) According to *MLA Handbook for Writers of Research Papers* if the name of the author appears on title page as Sir Philip Sidney, then in works-cited list, it should be written as
- | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------|
| a) Sir Philip Sidney | b) Philip Sidney |
| c) Sir Sidney, Philip | d) Sidney, Philip |
- 41) On what part of a page MLA recommends the numbering of pages?
- | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| a) Upper right hand corner. | b) Upper left hand corner. |
| c) Centre at the bottom. | d) Centre at the top. |
- 42) Endnotes refers to
- a system of notes where all the referencing materials are enlisted at the end of a chapter or book
 - footnotes
 - dissertation defence
 - double-blind refereeing
- 43) The word 'sic' in full is
- | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------|
| a) <i>sicerat scriptum</i> | b) <i>scriptum</i> |
| c) <i>sic et non</i> | d) <i>sic in fit</i> |
- 44) According to the eighth edition of MLA
- page numbers in the works-cited list (but not in in-text citations) are now preceded by *p.* or *pp*
 - page numbers in the works-cited list and in in-text citations are now preceded by *p.* or *pp*
 - page numbers in the in-text citations are now preceded by *p.* or *pp*
 - page numbers in the works-cited list are not preceded by *p.* or *pp*

- 53) Who wrote 'The Vanity of Human Wishes'?
- | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| a) Samuel Johnson | b) Eliza Heywood |
| c) Richard Steele | d) William Hazlitt |
- 54) Who was the author of *Rasselas*?
- | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| a) Samuel Johnson | b) Ben Johnson |
| c) John Milton | d) William Hazlitt |
- 55) *The Good Natured Man* is a comic play by
- | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| a) Oliver Goldsmith | b) Ben Johnson |
| c) David Garrick | d) Samuel Johnson |
- 56) Identify the novel written by Henry Mackenzie
- | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| a) <i>The Vicar of Wakefield</i> | b) <i>The Man of Feeling</i> |
| c) <i>The Parrot</i> | d) <i>From My Own Apartment</i> |
- 57) Who was the author of the essays: 'Historical Criticism: A Theory of Modes', 'Ethical Criticism: A Theory of Symbols', 'Archetypal Criticism: A Theory of myths', and 'Rhetorical Criticism: A Theory of Genres'?
- | | |
|------------------|------------------|
| a) R D Blackmore | b) Northrop Frye |
| c) Franz Kafka | d) Max Brod |
- 58) The authorial intent refers to
- | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| a) The meaning that the reader attaches to the work of author |
| b) an author's intent as it is encoded in his/her work |
| c) authoritative intent |
| d) the intention of the author that can never be accessed |
- 59) Cambridge School Contextualism is associated with
- | | |
|----------------------|---------------------|
| a) Dr Samuel Johnson | b) Quentin Skinner |
| c) Jacques Lacan | d) Raymond Williams |
- 60) Standpoint theory holds that
- | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| a) an individual has the right to form their opinion |
| b) an individual's perspectives are shaped by their social and political experiences |
| c) to create more subjective accounts of the world one needs to be objective |
| d) the views of a prejudiced group are better than an individual |
- 61) Elizabeth Anderson is associated with
- | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| a) Database approach | b) Archival studies |
| c) Feminist epistemology | d) Computer-aided discourse analysis |
- 62) Who defined critical theory first?
- | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| a) Rolf Wiggerhaus | b) Perry Anderson |
|--------------------|-------------------|

- c) Max Horkheimer
d) Andrew Jackson
- 63) Who was the author of *Charlotte: A Tale of Truth*?
a) Hannah Webster Foster
b) William Hill Brown
c) Susanna Rawson
d) James Otis
- 64) The Fireside Poets were also known as
a) Eco-Poets
b) Cavalier Poets
c) Schoolroom Poets
d) Cave Poets
- 65) Hart Crane's *White Buildings* is
a) a play
b) a novel
c) a collection of poetry
d) a collection of essays
- 66) *The Age of Innocence* was a novel written by
a) Henry Brooks
b) William Blake
c) Edwin Markham
d) Edith Wharton
- 67) The Pulitzer Prize was established in
a) 1920
b) 1918
c) 1919
d) 1917
- 68) Who is credited with introducing sonnet form into English literature?
a) Anne Boleyn
b) Anne Skinner
c) John Russell
d) Sir Thomas Wyatt
- 69) *The Spanish Tragedy* is considered to have begun in English literature theater a new genre called
a) Elizabethan Tragedy
b) Mystery Play
c) Miracle Play
d) Revenge play
- 70) Which work is considered to be the first work of science fiction?
a) *The Great Fire of London*
b) *New Atlantis*
c) *Imaginary Voyage*
d) *The Man in the Moone*
- 71) Blank Verse is
a) written with regular metrical but unrhymed lines mostly in iambic pentameter
b) written with rhymed lines mostly in iambic hexameter
c) written always with rhymed lines mostly in iambic pentameter
d) written with regular metrical but unrhymed lines mostly in dactylic pentameter

- 72) Anapaest is
 a) a metrical foot
 b) a type of syllable
 c) a song
 d) a literary city
- 73) *The Life and Opinions of Tristram Shandy, Gentleman* is a humorous novel by
 a) Laurence Sterne
 b) Oliver Goldsmith
 c) Dr Samuel Johnson
 d) Robert Burton
- 74) *Little Dorrit* is a novel by
 a) Charles Dickens, originally published in serial form between 1855 and 1857
 b) Charles Dickens, originally published in serial form between 1859 and 1861
 c) Charles Dickens originally published in 1862
 d) Charles Dickens originally published in 1890
- 75) *Rooms Are Never Finished* is the work of
 a) Agha Shahid Ali
 b) Amitav Ghosh
 c) Parveen Rashida
 d) Jeffery Paine
- 76) Which language was spoken in Britain before the arrival of Germanic tribes in the fifth century?
 a) English
 b) Common Brittonic
 c) Faroese
 d) Anglo-Saxon
- 77) On which syllable of the word 'examination' the primary stress is placed?
 a) Third from the left
 b) Fourth from the left
 c) Second from the left
 d) First from the left
- 78) What is tonality?
 a) Finding the location of tonicity
 b) Organizing/Chunking of an utterance into tone groups
 c) Pitch variation
 d) Loudness.
- 79) Identify the example of a clitic.
 a) I?
 b) I'm
 c) There is-
 d) What!
- 80) The headwords of the dictionary are all
 a) word forms
 b) lexemes
 c) suffixes
 d) prefixes
- 81) Henry Widdowson is best known for his contribution to
 a) Writing Skills
 b) Reading Skills
 c) Communicative Language Teaching
 d) Journalism

- 82) The term communicative competence is coined by
 a) Christopher Candlin
 b) Noam Chomsky
 c) Dell Hymes
 d) Henry Widdowson
- 83) Audiolingualism in ELT refers to
 a) the rate at which a student can learn a language
 b) Audio-visual aids
 c) a form of language learning which stresses listening and speaking before reading and writing
 d) A learner's ability to recover a word through listening
- 84) Creative Construction Hypothesis means
 a) a hypothesis which proposes that learners must be taught how to be creative
 b) a hypothesis which states that learners do not develop their own rule systems for language
 c) a hypothesis which states that learners gradually develop their own rule systems for language
 d) a learner's ability to acquire language without any effort
- 85) Needs assessment is
 a) an assessment of teaching practices
 b) an evaluation of teachers needs to teach
 c) a measurement of what students need in order to learn language and achieve their language learning goals
 d) the measurement of the needs of the school education
- 86) Realia refers to
 a) academic rapport
 b) level of formality in natural speech
 c) real life situations
 d) real or actual objects used as teaching aids
- 87) Jean-Pol Martin is credited for establishing
 a) Mutual Instruction Method
 b) Teaching through Tools
 c) Active Learning
 d) Learning by Teaching Method
- 88) Who is the author of *Second Language Acquisition and Second Language Learning*?
 a) M Paradis
 b) K Kohnert
 c) M Long
 d) Stephen Krashen
- 89) Who is the author of *Second Language Learning and Language Teaching*?
 a) Charles Chang
 b) Stephen Krashen
 c) H Dulay
 d) Vivian Cook

- 90) Who is the author of *The Cambridge Encyclopedia of the English Language*?
a) Denning Keith
b) Noam Chomsky
c) M A K Halliday
d) David Crystal
- 91) A school of thought founded in the works of Derek Bickerton sees syntax as
a) a branch of biology
b) a branch of sociolinguistics
c) a branch of psychiatry
d) a branch mathematics
- 92) Identify the example of gapping.
a) He ate pastries and she sweets.
b) The present-day world status of English is the result of American dominance.
c) Should I do it or should you do it?
d) He ate the sweets...
- 93) Wh-movement is also known as
a) wh-fronting
b) wh-centering
c) wh-backing
d) wh-upping
- 94) An adjunct is
a) an optional, or structurally dispensable, part of a sentence, clause, or phrase
b) a mandatory or structurally indispensable, part of a sentence, clause, or phrase
c) that part of a sentence or clause or phrase which is used in place of conjunction
d) an apposition
- 95) Identify the example of coreference.
a) Shelley said he would come.
b) He said that she would come.
c) They said that he would come.
d) She said that he would come
- 96) Umlaut is
a) a zero morph
b) a sound change in which a vowel is pronounced more like a following vowel
c) a front vowel produced by rounding of the lips
d) a pitch movement
- 97) Who is the author of *The Origins and Development of the English Language*?
a) David Crystal
b) John Algeo
c) A C Baugh
d) Thomas Cable
- 98) Geordie is
a) the name of an East Midland dialect
b) the name of a Northern English dialect
c) the name of a West Midland dialect

- d) the name of a Kentish dialect
- 99) An inkhorn term refers to
- a) a term used to degrade the language from which it is borrowed
 - b) any foreign borrowing into English deemed to be unnecessary or overly pretentious
 - c) a term that summarizes a complex situation
 - d) any political situation described in two words
- 100) An orthography is
- a) an inventory of sounds
 - b) a set of conventions for writing a language
 - c) the study of oratory
 - d) a set of conventions of delivering speech

Rough Page

Rough Page